AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Scientific Laboratories and Institutions are lagging behind in transfer of technology to end users as reported in the Hindu of the 8th June, 1988;

(b) whether it is also a fact that hardly 30 per cent new technologies evolved are being used in Agriculture;

(c) whether it is also a fact that (motivated workers in extension are not rewarded and if so, whether Government propose to create a post of Director General for Transfer of Technology in Agriculture; and

(d) whether Government are aware that the Scientist who coined Lab to Land slogan and spearheaded the programme was not recognised or rewarded causing disillusionment amongst other Scientists?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI HARI KRISHNA SHASTRI) (a) No Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Coining ."Lab-to-Land" slogan was not a one person job it was de cided by the ICAR as a system after deliberations with various people. Therefore, there, is no question of 'recognising or rewarding one indivi dual for this scheme.

Import of Milk products

424. SHRI JTTENDRABHAI LAB-FfSHANKER BHATT: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleas-id to state:

(a) what was the total import of nilk powder '(including skimmed owder) butter and butter oll under concessional and non-concessional schemes during the last three years

(b) to what extent such import was under operation Flood II and III schemes; and

(c) what is the extent of adverse effect on domestic milk prices due to such import, of milk products?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHYAM LAL YADAV): (a) and (b) The National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) received a total quantity of approximately 53,410 MT of milk powder (including skimmed milk powder). 21.493 MT of butter oil and 10,351 MT of butter on gift and commercial basis during 1985-86 to 1987-88. Out of the above quantities of commodities, NDDB received gift supplies of approximately 37,375 MT of skimmed milk powder, 6189 MT of butter oil aUd 10,351 MT of butter from European Economic Community (EEC) during 1985-86 to 1987-88 under operation Flood Programme.

(c) There has been no advers* effect of such import of domestic milk prices. On the contrary, there has been steady rise in the producers" price over the years.

'Modernisation of I1SCO with Japanese collaboration

425. SHRI CHITTA BASUi Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government of Japan have agreed to collaborate with India for the modernisation of nSCO at Bumpur in West Bengal; and

(b) if so, what progress has so far been made in this matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STEEL IW'

THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA); (a) and (b) As a consequence of discussions with the Japanese Government, a consortium of five Japanese steel companies has been formed for the implementation of IISCO's modernisation. The EXIM Bank of Japan have agreed to give an export credit of approximately Rs. 900 crores for equipment and services from Japan. A team Of Japanese experts is expected to visit Burnpur shortly to collect the necessary technical data.

Production of area and ammonia sulphate

426. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the production figures of fertilisers i.e. urea and ammonium sulphates during each of the last three years and the current year and

(b) whether Government had exported the above during the above period if so, the quantity thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FERTILISERS IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI R. PRABHU): (a) The production figures of urea and ammonium sulphate year-wise during the last three years and the current financial year uptoJune are given below: —

(000 MT)

Year	Ursa	Ammonium Sulphate
1985-86	7467.0	520-0
1986-87 . .	9578.0	540.4
1987-88 .	9830.5	541-5
1988 . . (April-June)	2401-3	139-2

(b) No, Sir urea and ammonium sulphate were not exported during the period in question.

National Capital Region Plan

427. SHRI BHUVNESH CHATURVEDI: Will the Minister of URBAN-DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what is the recent policy being followed for developing the National Capital Region Plan;

(b) what are the targets to be achieved for creating infrastructures for the Capital Region Plan; and

(c) what is the role and contribution from the states concerned and how for these states have been able to fulfil their obligations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE 'MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBHl SINGH):

(a) ' The Draft National Capital Region Plan 2001 prepared and approved by the NCR Planning Board for inviting objections and suggestions has enunciated balanced policies for the control of land use in the National Capital Region so as to avoid haphazard development of the re-gion and also *to* achieve a manageable Delhi by 2001 AD.

(b) The National Capital Region Plan proposals are to achieve decentralisation of economic activities in Delhi, accelerated development of identified priority towns in the re-gion, adequate and uninterrupted power supply in the National Capital Region, effective telecommunication facilities, efficient transport network including inner and outer grids to bypass Delhi and to provide inter-linkages and social and physical infrastructure at standards comparable to that of Delhi in all the priority towns and Delhi Metropolitan Area' towns by 2001 AD. No physical targets have yet been prescribed due to shortage of plan resources.